## GUIDELINES FOR REVIEWING A CORE READING PROGRAM RUBRIC

## **LEAD21 Grade 5**

## **Final Review**

## Directions for use:

- Thoroughly review the core reading program using the corresponding rubric.
- Only evaluate the individual components that correlate with the grade level to review. (Note the placement of the "x" within the grade level columns.)
- Each indicator must receive a score using the following criteria:
  - 2 Exceeds expectations
  - 1 Meets expectations
  - 0 Does not meet expectations

(For any indicator receiving a 0, comments must be provided justifying the score.)

Record the total score for each area in the final row for the section.



The Reviewing a Reading Program Professional Development Participant's Guide publication was created for the Center on Instruction by the Florida Center for Reading Research at Florida State University. The Center on Instruction is operated by RMC Research Corporation in partnership with the Florida Center for Reading Research at Florida State University; Instructional Research Group; Lawrence Hall of Science at the University of California – Berkeley; Texas Institute for Measurement, Evaluation, and Statistics at the University of Houston; and The Meadows Center for Preventing Educational Risk at the University of Texas at Austin.

Guideline forms excerpted from Reviewing a Reading Program Professional Development Module, Participant's Guide, 2008, Center on Instruction.

The contents of the module and this document were developed under cooperative agreement S283B050034 with the U.S. Department of Education. However, these contents do not necessarily represent the policy of the Department of Education, and you should not assume endorsement by the Federal Government.

	STRUCTIONAL ESIGN (ID)	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	Score	Comments (examples, strengths, concerns, questions)
1.	Is there empirical research on this program's efficacy?	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	X	Х	2	
2.	Are resources available to help the teacher understand the rationale for the instructional approach and program strategies (e.g., articles, explanations in the teacher manuals, references, and reliable websites)?	x	х	x	Х	X	X	X	2	
3.	Does the comprehensive program address the five components of reading (phonological/phonemic awareness, phonics, fluency, vocabulary and comprehension)?	x	х	х	X	X	X	X	2	
4.	In addition to the five components of reading, are other dimensions of reading such as spelling, writing, oral language, and listening comprehension addressed?	х	х	х	х	х	x	х	1	
5.	Is there a scope and sequence?	χ	Х	Х	Х	Х	Χ	Х	1	
6.	Are goals and objectives clearly stated?	Х	х	х	х	Х	Х	Х	1	
7.	Are student materials aligned with instructional objective of the lesson?	Х	х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	
8.	Do instructional materials increase in difficulty as students' skills strengthen?	х	Х	х	X	Х	X	Х	1	
9.	Are all lessons and activities (e.g., whole group, small group, and centers) reading-related?	х	Х	х	х	х	X	Х	2	
10.	Is there a clear and logical organization to the lessons in:									
	The order and procedures of each day's lesson?	х	х	х	х	х	Х	х	2	Directions are clear. Definite routines and procedures are outlined.
	The inclusion of all necessary materials?	Х	х	х	х	х	X	X	1	
	The consistency of each day's lesson format?	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	X	2	Predictable patterns each day, and from week to week, unit to unit.
	Addressing the components of reading every day?	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	X	2	
11.	Is instruction consistently explicit? Is it concise, specific, and related to	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	X	1	

		Т		ı —	г —	г —	ı —	1		T
	the objective?									
12.	Are teacher directives highly details to ensure accurate implementation?	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	х	2	
13.	Does the lesson format facilitate frequent interactions between teacher and students?	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	1	
14.	Is instruction consistently systematic? Is there a prescribed order for introducing specific skills within each component of reading?	х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	2	
15.	Are there coordinated instructional sequences and instructional routines which include:									
	Modeling?	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	2	
	Guided practice with feedback?	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	
	Student practice and application?	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	
	Cumulative review?	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	
16.	Are there many guided practice opportunities for explicit teaching and teacher-directed feedback (for typically progressing readers and more for struggling readers)?	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	2	This occurs daily and in most of the components.
17.	Does the program provide clear guidance for the teacher to document student progress and inform instruction?	х	х	х	х	х	х	Х	1	
18.	Does instruction make a clear connection <i>among</i> all five components?	х	х	Х	х	х	Х	х	2	
19.	Is scaffolding a prominent part of the lessons?	Х	Х	Х	х	х	Х	Х	2	
20.	Are instructions for scaffolding specific within each lesson?	Х	х	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	2	
21.	Are teachers encouraged to give immediate, specific feedback (corrective or positive)?	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	
22.	Is differentiated instruction prominent?	Х	Х	Х	х	х	Х	Х	2	
23.	Is instruction differentiated based on assessment?	х	Х	X	Х	Х	Х	х	2	Assessing and grouping students based on assessment data is encouraged at the beginning of each unit.
24.	Are directions for differentiating instruction specific?	Х	х	X	Х	Х	X	X	2	

25. Is small-group instruction (small teacher-pupil ratio) part of daily instruction?	х	х	х	х	Х	х	х	2	
26. Are there guidelines for forming flexible groups based on student progress?	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	1	
27. Are enrichment activities included for advanced students?	X	Х	X	X	X	X	Х	2	Many of these activities utilize technology.
28. Does the program provide instruction for English Learners?	X	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	2	
29. Does the program specify for whom it is appropriate (e.g., students on or above grade level, students slightly behind their peers, students more than one grade level behind their peers)?	X	х	Х	х	X	X	x	2	Definitely one of the strongest elements of the program.
30. Does the program specify who should provide instruction for accurate implementation (e.g., special education teacher, general education teacher, paraprofessional, or volunteer)?	X	х	x	х	x	x	x	1	Publisher's Comment: The LEAD21 program assumes that instruction for accurate implementation is a general education teacher by referring to "teacher-led" instruction
31. Does the program specify the instructional setting (e.g., general education classroom, computer lab, or resource room)?	X	х	X	x	X	X	X	1	Publisher's Comment: The LEAD21 program assumes that the instructional setting is a general education classroom by referring to the "classroom," as in: "Show students the area where your classroom library is located" (Teacher's Lesson Guide, Unit 1, p. xxi), and "You may also wish to collaborate with a Library or Media Specialist to gather resources for your classroom." (Teacher's Lesson Guide, Unit 1, p. xxiii). It is generally implied that the instructional setting is a general education classroom, unless otherwise indicated.
TOTAL								58	

Pł	HONICS (P)	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	Score	Comments (examples, strengths, concerns, questions)
1.	Is phonics instruction <b>explicit</b> ?	Х	Х	Х	х	х	Х	Х	2	
2.	Is phonics instruction systematic?	Х	х	х	Х	х	Х	х	2	The core program is based on making phonics a directed skill at all levels of differentiation.
3.	Does phonics instruction include coordinated instructional sequences and routines?	Х	х	х	х	х	Х	х	2	
4.	Is phonics instruction scaffolded?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	2	
5.	Does phonics instruction include cumulative review?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	1	
6.	Are assessments included to measure and monitor progress in phonics?	X	Х	Х	х	x	X	Х	1	This was mentioned in the materials, but not observable in the materials provided.
7.	Are symbol to sound (decoding) and sound to symbol (spelling) taught explicitly?	X	х	X	Х	х	X	X	1	
8.	Is spelling taught during word learning so students can understand how sounds map onto print?	X	Х	χ	Х	х	X	Х	2	Provided in the online and teacher directed materials.
9.	Does instruction progress from simple to more complex concepts (e.g., CVC words before CCCVCC words and single syllable words before multisyllabic words)?	X	х	х	x	х	X	х	1	
10.	Are reviews of previously taught concepts and words frequent and cumulative?	Х	х	х	х	х	Х	х	1	
11.	Is emphasis placed on fluency practice for each phonics component (e.g., sound identification, CVC blending, word recognition, multisyllabic words, and text reading)?	X	х	х	х	х	X	х	1	
12.	Are students taught the strategy of chunking when trying to decode multisyllabic words?		Х	Х	х	х	Х	Х	2	Guidance for teacher to show students how to divide words into syllables based on consonant and vowel patterns.
13.	Does the program provide teacher modeling of a think-aloud strategy to aid in multisyllabic word analysis?		Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	2	
14.	Are students taught strategies to read multisyllabic words by using prefixes, suffixes, and known word parts?		х	х	х	х	х	х	1	

15. Is instruction explicit in the use of syllable types (e.g., open, closed, vowel-consonant-e, vowel combinations, r-controlled, and consonant-le)?	X	X	X	X	X	X	2	Index referenced a great outline.
Is a section of the program devoted to advances phonics (structural analysis) skills?		X	X	X	X	X	2	
Are advanced phonics skills taught explicitly, first in isolation and then in words and connected texts?		X	X	X	X	X	1	
18. Does the program include spelling strategies (e.g., word sorts, categorization activities, word-building activities, and word analogies)?	X	X	X	X	X	X	1	
19. Is instruction in the meaning of roots and affixes explicit and do students analyze the relationship of spelling to meaning of complex words?			х	x	X	X	1	
20. Are word parts that occur with high frequency (e.g., un-, re-, in-, and – ful) taught rather than those that occur only in a few words?	X	X	х	x	X	X	1	
21. Are there activities for distinguishing and interpreting words with multiple meanings?	х	X	х	х	X	х	1	
22. Once advanced phonics strategies have been mastered, are they immediately applied to reading and interpreting familiar and unfamiliar connected texts?	x	x	x	x	x	х	0	Not evident in materials provided.
23. Are words used in advanced phonics activities also found in student texts?	X	x	X	X	X	X	1	Publisher's Comment: The words used in advanced phonics activities are also found routinely and consistently in student texts (Examples: Teacher's Lesson Guide, Unit 1, p. 99, Noun Suffixes lesson [-er]: villager appears on Theme Reader page 24; Teacher's Lesson Guide, Unit 2, p. 39, Greek and Latin Roots lesson [-cycle]: bicycle appears on Theme Reader page 84.)
TOTAL							31	

FL	UENCY (F)	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	Score	Comments (examples, strengths, concerns, questions)
1.	Is fluency instruction explicit?	χ	Х	Х	Х	χ	Х	Χ	2	
2.	Is fluency instruction systematic?	χ	Х	Х	Х	χ	Х	Χ	2	
3.	Does fluency instruction include coordinated instructional sequences and routines?	Х	Х	х	х	Х	Х	X	2	
4.	Is fluency instruction scaffolded?	Х	X	X	Χ	X	X	X	2	
5.	Does fluency instruction include cumulative review?	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	
6.	Are assessments included to measure and monitor progress in fluency?	X	х	x	X	X	X	X	1	
7.	Does the program address all dimensions of fluency (speed, accuracy, and prosody)?	Х	х	х	Х	X	х	X	2	This is a definite strength of the program.
8.	Does the program encourage the teacher to model speed, accuracy, and prosody?	х	х	х	х	Х	х	x	1	
9.	Does fluency practice during letter- sound study and text reading involve the teacher's providing feedback to students?	Х	х	х	х	Х	х	х	1	
10.	Is fluency instruction integrated into each day's lesson?	Х	х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	2	
11.	Is the decoding strategy taught so that it becomes automatic?	Х	Х	X	Х	X	Х	X	0	No evidence found.
12.	Are irregular words taught to be recognized automatically?	X	х	X	X	X	X	X	0	No evidence found.
13.	Is there an emphasis on reading multisyllabic words fluently?		х	X	X	X	Х	X	1	
14.	Are research-based fluency strategies (e.g., timed readings, peer reading, and repeated readings) included?		х	х	X	X	х	X	1	
15.	Is fluency practice introduced after students are proficient at reading words accurately (e.g., in lists, sentences, and passages)?		х	х	X	X	х	X	0	No evidence found.
16.	Does fluency practice involve decodable texts (texts that include phonic elements and word types students have previously been taught)?		х	х	x	X	x	X	0	Not evident in the materials provided.

17.	Are both narrative and expository texts provided for students to read aloud?		X	X	х	X	Х	Х	1	Writing applications allow for possible student generated texts to be read as well.
18.	Are teacher prompts included to encourage students to read aloud in order to determine skills application and accuracy?		X	X	X	x	Х	Х	1	Publisher's Comment: Teacher prompts are included to encourage students to read aloud in order to determine skills application and accuracy throughout the Teacher's Lesson Guide and the Practice Companion workbook fluency lessons each day of instruction each week. Each day the teacher has students read aloud the fluency selection in various methods, such as echo reading, choral reading, or shared choral reading (Teacher's Lesson Guide, Unit 1, pp. 15 and 27) with instructions to read aloud for specific purposes, such as reading "with emotion to communicate the poem's mood or feeling" (Teacher's Lesson Guide, Unit 1, p. 39, Fluency), or rehearsing "with appropriate pacing" (Teacher's Lesson Guide, Unit 1, p. 51, Fluency).  Additionally, teachers have students read aloud the fluency selections in the Practice Companion workbooks in order to conduct miscue analyses found in the Assessment Handbook.
19.	After error correction, are students asked to reread the word, word list, or sentence correctly and then to reread it from the beginning?	X	X	X	х	X	Х	х	0	No evidence found.
20.	Are students given ample practice opportunities to use text at their independent or instructional level to help build fluency?		х	Х	х	Х	х	х	1	
21.	Is the number of texts at each level sufficient to provide adequate practice opportunities?		Х	Х	х	Х	Х	х	2	
22.	Does the program clearly show the teacher how to determine independent, instructional, and frustrational reading levels for individual students?		X	X	х	Х	х	х	2	A definite strength of the program.
23.	Is there a guide to help teachers calculate fluency rate?		X	X	х	Х	Х	Х	1	A guide to determine rate was not provided. A rubric to distinguish struggling from proficient was included.
24.	Do students have opportunities to time themselves and graph results after rereading the same text?			X	х	X	Х	Х	1	Online tool is available for students to chart their data.
25.	Are there directions for how to pair students for partner reading?		X	X	Х	X	Х	X	0	Not included.

26. Are students taught a specific error correction to use when reading with a partner?	x	X	X	X	x	X	1	Publisher's Comment: Specific fluency skills—expression, phrasing, and pacing—are explicitly taught in a whole group setting throughout each week of the LEAD21 program. Then students use the Reading Response Forms in their Practice Companion workbooks to evaluate themselves and their reading partners on the Fluency readings, judging the accuracy of individual words, pacing, expression, and clarify after the first, the second, and the final readings for each Fluency selection.
27. Is there continuous progress monitoring of oral reading fluency?	X	X	X	X	Х	X	1	
28. Is an end-of-the-year fluency goal of correct words per minute given for each grade?	X	х	X	X	х	x	1	
TOTAL							30	

V	OCABULARY (V)	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	Score	Comments (examples, strengths, concerns, questions)
1.	Is vocabulary instruction explicit?	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	2	
2.	Is vocabulary instruction systematic?	х	х	х	х	Х	х	Х	2	
3.	Does vocabulary instruction include coordinated instructional sequences and routines?	х	х	Х	х	х	х	х	2	
4.	Is vocabulary instruction scaffolded?	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	2	
5.	Does vocabulary instruction include cumulative review?	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	1	A cumulative review is provided within the unit.  Not sure about the semester or year.
6.	Are assessments included to measure and monitor progress in vocabulary?	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	1	
7.	Is emphasis placed on listening and speaking vocabulary?	Х	Х	х	х	Х	х	Х	1	
8.	Is there emphasis on reading and writing vocabulary?	Х	х	х	х	Х	х	Х	1	
9.	Are students exposed to diverse vocabulary through listening to or reading narrative and expository texts?	х	х	х	х	х	х	x	1	Publisher's Comment: Throughout LEAD21 Grade 5, students are exposed to diverse vocabulary through listening to or reading narrative and expository texts. Throughout the year, students are explicitly taught about 550 new vocabulary words that are then reinforced in context within the Theme Readers and the

										Differentiated Readers, which contain 50% narrative texts and 50% expository texts. Students can also listen to the eBooks online.
10.	Does the program include frequent use of teacher read-alouds using higher level books with explanation and instruction of key vocabulary?	X	X	х	х	х	х	х	1	
11.	Does the program include a variety of texts that allow students ample opportunities to engage in wide reading at their independent levels?		x	X	X	Х	х	х	1	Publisher's Comment: LEAD21 provides a variety of texts that allow students ample opportunities to engage in wide reading at their independent levels through the Differentiated Readers. The Differentiated Readers offer four levels of text to match students' reading abilities from the Intensive level (one or more years below grade-level reading), to the Strategic level (one year below grade-level reading), to the Benchmark level (on-level reading), and to the Advanced level (one or two years above grade-level reading). The Differentiated Readers offer a variety of fiction such as, short stories, folktales, fantasy, historical fiction, realistic fiction, and science fiction, and also offer a variety of informational and expository texts.
12.	Does vocabulary instruction occur before, during, and after reading?	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	2	
13.	Are a limited number of words selected for robust, explicit vocabulary instruction?	х	Х	х	х	х	х	х	2	Explanation for how to select words and why words within each unit were selected was provided.
14.	Are important, useful, and difficult words taught?	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	1	
15.	Does the instructional routine for vocabulary include:									
	Introducing the word?	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	χ	1	
	Presenting a student-friendly explanation?	X	X	X	X	Х	Х	Х	1	
	Clarifying the word with examples?	X	X	X	X	χ	Χ	Х	1	
	Checking students' understanding?	Х	χ	Х	Х	Χ	Х	χ	2	
16.	Are ample opportunities provided to engage in oral vocabulary activities that:									
	Repeat exposure to words in rich and multiple contexts?	X	X	х	х	х	х	Х	1	Publisher's Comment: Students are explicitly pre-taught new words in a routine that provides several exposures in one lesson, by offering a definition, an example, and a sentence containing the word. Students also interact verbally with their teacher and peers by responding to questions about the words.

									Before encountering the words in context, students respond to self-evaluations of their own knowledge of the words. Subsequently, students encounter the words in context throughout their whole group and small group readings, using the Theme Readers and Differentiated Readers, and they participate in whole group and small group discussions that incorporate the words. Students also experience listening to and reading the words in context in a digital environment, using their online eBook versions of the texts. Additionally, students practice the words each week, using the Practice Companion Vocabulary worksheets. Finally, students engage in online Vocabulary Activities to reinforce and solidify knowledge of the words.
Use everyday language to explain word meanings?	Х	х	X	X	X	Х	Х	1	
Connect word meanings to prior knowledge?	Х	х	Х	X	X	Х	Х	1	
17. Are students given multiple opportunities to use new words in reading sentences, paragraphs, or longer texts?	х	x	Х	Х	х	х	х	0	Publisher's Comment: Grade 5 students using the LEAD21 program, students are given multiple opportunities to use new words in reading sentences, paragraphs, or longer texts. Students encounter their new words in context throughout their whole group and small group readings, using the Theme Readers and Differentiated Readers. Students also experience reading the words in context in a digital environment, using their online eBook versions of the texts. Additionally, students practice the words each week, using the Practice Companion Vocabulary worksheets. Finally, students engage in online Vocabulary Activities to reinforce and solidify knowledge of the words.
18. Is extended instruction provided in multiple contexts to promote word awareness using word banks, vocabulary logs, writing, semantic maps, concept definition mapping, and word classification?	x	х	X	X	x	Х	x	1	Word sorts and additional activities are available in the online component.
Are strategies taught over time to ensure understanding and correct application?	х	х	х	Х	х	х	х	1	
20. Are meanings of prefixes, roots, and suffixes taught before connecting them to words?		х	Х	X	Х	Х	х	1	

21. Is a strategy to determine word meanings based on meanings of prefixes, roots, and suffixes taught?		х	х	х	х	х	х	1	
Are various aspects of word study included (either under vocabulary or word recognition) such as:									
Concepts of word meaning?	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	
Multiple meanings?	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	Addressed often as a part of the EL instruction.
Synonyms?	х	х	Х	х	х	х	Χ	1	
Antonyms?	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	х	χ	1	
Homonyms?		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	
Figurative meanings?		Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	
Morphemic analysis?			Х	Х	χ	Х	Х	1	
Etymologies?				Х	Х	Х	Х	1	
23. Is dictionary use explicitly taught using grade-appropriate dictionaries?		х	х	х	х	Х	х	1	
24. Is the use of context to gain the meaning of an unfamiliar word kept to a minimum?	х	х	х	Х	х	Х	х	1	
25. Is computer technology used to help teach vocabulary?	х	Х	х	х	Х	х	X	1	
TOTAL								43	

C	OMPREHENSION (C)	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	Score	Comments (examples, strengths, concerns, questions)
1.	Is comprehension instruction explicit?	Х	Х	Χ	X	X	X	X	2	
2.	Is comprehension instruction systematic?	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	X	2	
3.	Does comprehension instruction include coordinated instructional sequences and routines?	х	х	Х	х	X	х	X	1	
4.	Is comprehension instruction scaffolded?	х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	1	
5.	Does comprehension instruction include cumulative review?	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	Provided on a unit by unit basis.

6.	Are assessments included to measure and monitor progress in comprehension?	X	X	X	x	X	X	X	1	
7.	Is learning to determine which strategy to use and why (metacognition) part of instruction?	X	Х	Х	X	X	X	X	1	
8.	When a strategy is taught, is it applied frequently so students understand its usefulness?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	1	
9.	Are students asked to apply previously learned strategies to new texts?		Х	Х	X	X	X	X	1	
10.	Is appropriate text provided for students to practice applying strategies?		Х	Х	X	X	X	X	1	
11.	Does program instruction enable students to establish and adjust purposes for reading (e.g., reading to understand, interpret, inform, to enjoy, and to solve problems)?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	1	
12.	Does instruction support the use of multiple, coordinated comprehension strategies?	X	Х	Х	X	X	X	X	1	
13.	Are guided and supported cooperative learning groups suggested as an instructional technique?	X	Х	Х	X	X	X	X	2	This is an integral part of the program.
14.	Does instruction begin with the use of short passages?	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	1	
15.	Does instruction emphasize that students have a conceptual understanding of beginning, middle, and end?	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	X	X	1	
16.	Does the program provide prompts for the teacher to guide the students through texts using think-alouds?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	1	
17.	Are models of effective questioning techniques (e.g., Bloom's taxonomy) provided to guide and monitor students' comprehension?	Х	Х	Х	X	х	X	X	1	
18.	Are there ample opportunities for students to listen to narrative and expository text?	х	х	х	X	X	X	X	1	The writing component provides for this nicely.
19.	Is instruction in narrative and expository text structures explicit?	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	Х	Х	1	
20.	Are there ample opportunities for students to read narrative and		X	X	Х	X	X	X	1	There seems to be little emphasis on the importance and opportunity for students to

	expository texts at independent and instructional levels?									practice comprehension skills and strategies in independent level text.
21.	Is there a variety of narrative and expository books at the appropriate readability level for student practice?		х	х	х	х	х	х	1	Addressed on the web site.
22.	Do texts contain useful and familiar concepts and vocabulary?	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	X	1	
23.	Are there instructional routines for comprehension strategies for use before, during, and after reading (e.g., prediction, story grammar, summarization, graphic organizers)?	x	х	х	х	х	Х	X	1	
24.	Is the "main idea" strategy taught systematically (e.g., using pictures, then individual sentences, then paragraphs, etc.)?	Х	X	х	х	X	х	X	1	
25.	Once students have grasped the concept of "main idea," are more complex texts used in which the main idea is not explicit?		X	Х	х	X	X	X	1	
26.	Are elements of story grammar (e.g., setting, characters, important events, etc.) taught and used for retelling a story?	Х	Х	х	х	Х	х	X	1	Seems to rely on teacher or student generated text.
27.	Does instruction focus on discussion story grammar and comparing stories?	Х	Х	х	х	Х	х	x	1	
28.	Is story grammar introduced systematically, beginning with simple text that gradually becomes more complex?	х	Х	х	Х	х	х	Х	1	
29.	Are students taught to use graphic organizers to illustrate relationships among concepts in text (e.g., story maps, Venn diagrams, and semantic maps)?	х	х	х	х	х	х	x	1	
30.	Are conventions of expository text (e.g., chapter headings, charts, and graphs) taught?		Х	х	Х	Х	Х	X	1	
31.	Are explicit strategies for interpreting information from charts, graphs, tables, and diagrams taught?	Х	X	х	х	X	х	X	1	
32.	After instruction, is there systematic review of:									

Literal comprehension?	Х	Х	Х	Х	χ	Х	Х	1	
Retelling?	Х	Х	Х	Х	χ	Х	Х	1	
Main idea?	χ	Х	Х	Х	χ	Х	X	1	
Summarization?	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	1	
33. Does the program provide instruction for students to become self-directed in using comprehension strategies (e.g., rereading, paraphrasing, making explicit connections from text to prior knowledge, underlining and note-taking, and visualizing relationships and events in the text)?		X	X	x	X	x	X	1	Inconsistent.
TOTAL								39	

STANDARDS ALIGNMENT	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	Score	Comments (examples, strengths, concerns, questions)
Is clear alignment provided to the Common Core State Standards?	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	2	This is a strength of the program.
Is clear alignment provided to the Indiana Academic Standards?			X	х	Х	Х	Х	2	
TOTAL								4	

	OTIVATION AND NGAGEMENT (M&E)	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	Score	Comments (examples, strengths, concerns, questions)
	es the program direct the teacher in vs to increase student motivation such									
1.	Making reading relevant to students' lives?	Х	х	х	х	х	х	X	2	Inquiry based questions draws out an interest to be curious or investigate.
2.	Providing meaningful goals for learning from texts?	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	X	1	
3.	Making available a variety of choices (e.g., texts and assignments) that align with instruction?	Х	Х	х	х	Х	Х	х	1	
4.	Providing opportunities for students to work collaboratively?	Х	х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	2	This is a strength of the program.
	TOTAL								6	

A\$	ASSESSMENT (A)		1	2	3	4	5	6	Score	Comments (examples, strengths, concerns, questions)
1.	Are assessments included that teachers can use to guide student movement through the program (e.g., screening, progress monitoring, diagnostic, and outcome measures)?	X	х	х	х	X	x	X	2	
2.	Does the program provide teacher guidance in using assessment results to differentiate instruction?	Х	Х	х	х	X	х	χ	2	This is a strength of the program.
3.	Do the assessments identify students who are at risk or already experiencing difficulty learning to read?	Х	х	х	х	Х	х	х	2	
	TOTAL								6	

	ROFESSIONAL EVELOPMENT (PD)	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	Score	Comments (examples, strengths, concerns, questions)
1.	Is adequate time offered for teachers to learn new concepts and practice what they have learned?	х	х	х	х	х	х	х	1	
2.	Is there a plan for coaches, mentors, peers, or outside experts to provide feedback to teachers and follow-up assistance as they put new concepts into practice?	Х	х	x	х	х	х	х	1	
3.	Are teachers taught how to administer and interpret assessments that accompany the program?	х	х	X	х	х	х	Х	1	
4.	Is program PD customized to meet participants' varying needs (e.g., first-year teachers, coaches, and principals)?	х	х	х	х	х	х	Х	1	
5.	Does the PD provide support (e.g., principal checklists, follow-up, inclass modeling, and a CD for viewing model lessons) to facilitate application of content?	X	х	x	х	х	х	х	1	
	TOTAL								5	